1	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
2	FOR
3	H. B. 4424
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5 6	(By Delegates Morgan, Stephens, Butcher, Staggers and Border)
7	(Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary)
8	[February 22, 2012]
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact \$27-5-11 of the Code of West Virginia,
11	1931, as amended, relating to modified mental hygiene
12	procedures; extending the termination date of the modified
13	mental hygiene procedures pilot project; authorizing
14	additional programs throughout the state; and continuing the
15	pilot project through July 1, 2013.
16	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
17	That §27-5-11 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
18	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
19	ARTICLE 5. INVOLUNTARY HOSPITALIZATION.
20	§27-5-11. Modified procedures for temporary compliance orders for
21	certain medication dependent persons with prior
22	hospitalizations or convictions; to institute
23	<pre>instituting modified mental hygiene procedures;</pre>
24	<u>establishing</u> procedures; <u>providing for</u> forms <u>and</u>
25	reports.
26	(a) The Supreme Court of Appeals shall, in consultation with

- 1 the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources and
 2 local mental health services consumers and providers, implement in
 3 at least four and no more than six judicial circuits, beginning on
 4 July 1, 2006, throughout the state modified mental hygiene
 5 procedures that are consistent with the requirements set forth in
 6 this section. The judicial circuits selected for implementing the
 7 modified procedures shall be circuits in which the Supreme Court of
 8 Appeals determines, after consultation with the Secretary of the
 9 Department of Health and Human Resources and local mental health
 10 consumers and service providers, that adequate resources will be
 11 available to implement the modified procedures. After July 1,
 12 2012, the Supreme Court of Appeals and the Secretary of the
 13 Department of Health and Human Resources may add programs for
 14 modified mental hygiene procedures in any judicial circuit that
 15 establishes a need for the same.
- 16 (b) The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human 17 Resources, after consultation with the Supreme Court of Appeals and 18 local mental health services consumers and service providers, shall 19 prescribe appropriate forms to implement the modified procedures 20 and shall annually prepare a report on the use of the modified 21 procedures and transmit the report to the Legislature on or before 22 the last day of each calendar year.
- (c) The Supreme Court of Appeals may, after consultation with the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources and local mental health services consumers and providers during the pilot program period, further modify any specific modified

1 procedures that are implemented *Provided*, That pursuant to this 2 section. The modified procedures must be consistent with the 3 requirements of this chapter and this section. If the Secretary of 4 the Department of Health and Human Resources determines that the 5 use of any modified procedure in one or more judicial circuits is 6 placing an unacceptable additional burden upon state mental health 7 resources, the Supreme Court of Appeals shall, in consultation with 8 the secretary, modify the procedures used in such a fashion as will 9 address the concerns of the secretary, consistent with the 10 requirements of this chapter. The provisions of this section and 11 the modified procedures thereby authorized shall cease to have any 12 force and effect on June 30, 2012 2013, unless extended by an act 13 of the Legislature prior to that date.

14 (b) (1) The modified procedures shall authorize that a
15 verified petition seeking a treatment compliance order may be filed
16 by any person alleging:

(A) That an individual, on two or more occasions within a twenty-four month period prior to the filing of the petition, as a presult of mental illness or addiction or both, has been hospitalized pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or that the individual has been convicted of one or more crimes of violence against the person within a twenty-four month period prior to the filing of the petition and the individual's failure to take prescribed medication or follow another prescribed regimen to treat a mental illness or addiction or both was a significant aggravating

 ${\tt 1}$ or contributing factor in the circumstances surrounding the crime;

- 2 (B) That the individual's previous hospitalizations due to 3 mental illness or addiction or both or the individual's crime of 4 violence occurred after or as a result of the individual's failure 5 to take medication or other treatment as prescribed by a physician 6 to treat the individual's mental illness or addiction or both; and 7 (C) That the individual, in the absence of a court order 8 requiring him or her to take medication or other treatment as 9 prescribed, is unlikely to do so and that his or her failure to 10 take medication or follow other regimen or treatment as prescribed 11 is likely to lead to further instances in the reasonably near 12 future in which the individual becomes likely to cause serious harm 13 or commit a crime of violence against the person.
- (2) Upon the filing of a petition seeking a treatment compliance order and the petition's review by a circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner, counsel shall be appointed for the individual if the individual does not already have counsel and a copy of the petition and all supporting evidence shall be furnished to the individual and their counsel. If the circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner determines on the basis of the petition that it is necessary to protect the individual or to secure their examination, a detention order may be entered ordering that the individual be taken into custody and examined by a psychiatrist or licensed psychologist. A hearing on the allegations in the petition, which may be combined with a hearing on a probable cause

- 1 petition conducted pursuant to the provisions of section two of
 2 this article or a final commitment hearing conducted pursuant to
 3 the provisions of section four of this article, shall be held
 4 before a circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner. If the
 5 individual is taken into custody and remains in custody as a result
 6 of a detention order, the hearing shall be held within forty-eight
 7 hours of the time that the individual is taken into custody.
- 8 (3) If the allegations in the petition seeking a treatment 9 compliance order are proved by the evidence adduced at the hearing, 10 which must include expert testimony by a psychiatrist or licensed 11 psychologist, the circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner may 12 enter a treatment compliance order for a period not to exceed six 13 months upon making the following findings:
- 14 (A) That the individual is eighteen years of age or older;
- (B) That on two or more occasions within a twenty-four month 16 period prior to the filing of the petition an individual, as a 17 result of mental illness, has been hospitalized pursuant to the 18 provisions of this chapter; or that on at least one occasion within 19 a twenty-four month period prior to the filing of the petition has 20 been convicted of a crime of violence against any person;
- (C) That the individual's previous hospitalizations due to 22 mental illness or addiction or both occurred as a result of the 23 individual's failure to take prescribed medication or follow a 24 regimen or course of treatment as prescribed by a physician or 25 psychiatrist to treat the individual's mental illness or addiction;

- 1 or that the individual has been convicted for crimes of violence
- 2 against any person and the individual's failure to take medication
- 3 or follow a prescribed regimen or course of treatment of the
- 4 individual's mental illness or addiction or both was a significant
- 5 aggravating or contributing factor in the commission of the crime;
- 6 (D) That a psychiatrist or licensed psychologist who has
- 7 personally examined the individual within the preceding twenty-four
- 8 months has issued a written opinion that the individual, without
- 9 the aid of the medication or other prescribed treatment, is likely
- 10 to cause serious harm to himself or herself or to others;
- 11 (E) That the individual, in the absence of a court order
- 12 requiring him or her to take medication or other treatment as
- 13 prescribed, is unlikely to do so and that his or her failure to
- 14 take medication or other treatment as prescribed is likely to lead
- 15 to further instances in the reasonably near future in which the
- 16 individual becomes likely to cause serious harm or commit a crime
- 17 of violence against any person;
- 18 (F) That, where necessary, a responsible entity or individual
- 19 is available to assist and monitor the individual's compliance with
- 20 an order requiring the individual to take the medication or follow
- 21 other prescribed regimen or course of treatment;
- 22 (G) That the individual can obtain and take the prescribed
- 23 medication or follow other prescribed regimen or course of
- 24 treatment without undue financial or other hardship; and
- 25 (H) That, if necessary, a medical provider is available to

- 1 assess the individual within forty-eight hours of the entry of the 2 treatment compliance order.
- 4 treatment as prescribed and if appropriate to attend scheduled 5 medication and treatment-related appointments: Provided, That a 6 treatment compliance order shall be subject to termination or 7 modification by a circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner if 8 a petition is filed seeking termination or modification of the 9 order and it is shown in a hearing on the petition that there has 10 been a material change in the circumstances that led to the entry 11 of the original order that justifies the order's modification or 12 termination: Provided, however, That a treatment compliance order 13 may be extended by a circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner 14 for additional periods of time not to exceed six months, upon the 15 filing of a petition seeking an extension and after a hearing on 16 the petition or upon the agreement of the individual.
- (5) (A) After the entry of a treatment compliance order in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection (b) of this section, if a verified petition is filed alleging that an individual has not complied with the terms of a medication and treatment compliance order and if a circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner determines from the petition and any supporting evidence that there is probable cause to believe that the allegations in the petition are true, counsel shall be appointed for the individual and a copy of the petition and all

- 1 supporting evidence shall be furnished to the individual and his or
- 2 her counsel. If the circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner
- 3 considers it necessary to protect the individual or to secure his
- 4 or her examination, a detention order may be entered to require
- 5 that the individual be examined by a psychiatrist or psychologist.
- 6 (A) A hearing on the allegations in the petition, which may be
- 7 combined with a hearing on a probable cause petition conducted
- 8 pursuant to section two of this article or a final commitment
- 9 hearing conducted pursuant to section four of this article, shall
- 10 be held before a circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner. If
- 11 the individual is taken and remains in custody as a result of a
- 12 detention order, the hearing shall be held within forty-eight hours
- 13 of the time that the individual is taken into custody.
- 14 (B) At a hearing on any petition filed pursuant to the
- 15 provisions of paragraph (A) of this subdivision, (5), subsection
- 16 (b) of this section, the circuit judge or mental hygiene
- 17 commissioner shall determine whether the individual has complied
- 18 with the terms of the medication and treatment compliance order.
- 19 If the individual has complied with the order, the petition shall
- 20 be dismissed. Provided, That If the evidence presented to the
- 21 circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner shows that the
- 22 individual has complied with the terms of the existing order, but
- 23 the individual's prescribed medication, dosage or course of
- 24 treatment needs to be modified, then the newly modified medication
- 25 and treatment prescribed by a psychiatrist who personally examined

1 the individual may be properly incorporated into a modified order. 2 If the order has not been complied with, the circuit judge or 3 mental hygiene commissioner, after inquiring into the reasons for 4 noncompliance and whether any aspects of the order should be 5 modified, may continue the individual upon the terms of the 6 original order and direct the individual to comply with the order 7 or may modify the order in light of the evidence presented at the 8 hearing. If the evidence shows that the individual at the time of 9 the hearing is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself, 10 herself or others as a result of the individual's mental illness, 11 the circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner may convert the 12 proceeding into a probable cause proceeding and enter a probable 13 cause order directing the involuntary admission of the individual 14 to a mental health facility for examination and treatment. 15 Provided, however, That Any procedures conducted pursuant to this 16 subsection must comply with and satisfy all applicable due process 17 and hearing requirements of contained in sections two and three of 18 this article. have been fully satisfied (c) (1) (d) The modified procedures may authorize that upon the 19 20 certification of a qualified mental health professional, as 21 described in subdivision (2) of this subsection (e) of this 22 section, that there is probable cause to believe that an individual 23 who has been hospitalized two or more times in the previous 24 twenty-four months because of mental illness is likely to cause 25 serious harm to himself or herself, herself or to others as a

1 result of the mental illness if not immediately restrained and that
2 the best interests of the individual would be served by immediate
3 hospitalization, a circuit judge, mental hygiene commissioner or
4 designated magistrate may enter a temporary probable cause order
5 directing the involuntary hospitalization of the individual at a

6 mental health facility for immediate examination and treatment.

(2) (e) The modified procedures may authorize the chief judge 8 of a judicial circuit, or circuit judge if there is no chief judge, 9 to enter orders authorizing specific psychiatrists or licensed 10 psychologists, whose qualifications and training have been reviewed 11 and approved by the Supreme Court of Appeals, to 12 certifications that authorize and direct the involuntary admission 13 of an individual subject to the provisions of this section on a 14 temporary probable cause basis to a mental health facility for 15 examination and treatment. *Provided*, That The 16 psychiatrist or licensed psychologist must conclude and certify 17 based on personal observation prior to certification that the 18 individual is mentally ill and, because of such mental illness or 19 addiction or both, is imminently likely to cause serious harm to 20 himself or herself or to others if not immediately restrained and 21 promotion of the best interests of the individual requires 22 immediate hospitalization. Immediately upon certification, the 23 psychiatrist or licensed psychologist shall provide notice of the 24 certification to a circuit judge, mental hygiene commissioner or 25 designated magistrate in the county where the individual resides.

1 (3) (f) No involuntary hospitalization pursuant to a temporary 2 probable cause determination issued pursuant to the provisions of 3 this section shall continue in effect for more than forty-eight filing of a petition 4 hours without the for involuntary 5 hospitalization and the occurrence of a probable cause hearing 6 before a circuit judge, mental hygiene commissioner or designated 7 magistrate. If at any time the chief medical officer of the mental 8 health facility to which the individual is admitted determines that 9 the individual is not likely to cause serious harm as a result of 10 mental illness or addiction or both, the chief medical officer 11 shall discharge the individual and immediately forward a copy of 12 the individual's discharge to the circuit judge, mental hygiene 13 commissioner or designated magistrate.